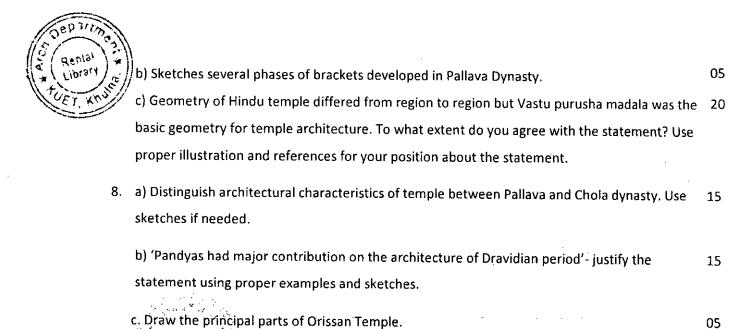
Khulna University of Engineering and Technology Department of Architecture

B.Arch 2nd Year 1st Term Regular Examination, 2018

Course no: Arch-2131 Course title: Buddhist and Hindu Architecture of Indian Subcontinent

Full Marks: 210 Time: 3 Hours i) Answer any three questions from each section in separate script. ii) Figures in the right margin indicate full marks. Section-A 15 1. a. Explain the influence of local resources to develop physical structure and spatial pattern through illustrating the Indus Civilization. b. Write short note on (any two): 2X10 a) Private house form (Indus period) b) Corbel arch c) Construction techniques of Indus Civilization 2. a. Write down the basic architectural characteristics in Indian subcontinent. b. How the thoughts of Vedic period made crucial contribution to develop Hinduism in 15 Indian Subcontinent. c. Describe general characteristics of capital of the Mauryan dynasty. 10 3. a. Illustrate Sanchi stupa with neat sketches. 12 b. Sketches Ashokan pillars with example. 13 10 c. Describe the concept that influenced to develop rock-cut-architecture with neat sketches. 15 4. a) Why Shunga period termed as platform to develop architecture in Indian subcontinent. b) 'Shunga period reached peak at architectural practice in that time', interpret this statement 20 with examples. Section-B 5. a) What do you mean by metamorphosis of sacred places? Use proper sketches to explain. 15 b) Identify the factors that makes Gupta period as "The Golden Age" of Indian History of Temple 20 Architecture. 6. a) What are the spiritual symbols of temple architecture and how these symbolism can be used 15 in designing a temple? b. Illustrate the architectural characteristics of Sun temple with proper sketches. 20 7. a) What is Vastusastra? How Vastusastra is related with the building art and architecture? 10



Khulna University of Engineering and Technology Department of Architecture

B.Arch 2nd Year 1st Term Regular Examination, 2018 Course no: CE-2125 Course title: Structure-I: Mechanics

Fu	ii Marks:	210	Time: 3 Hours	
N.E	3 i) Ansv	ver any three questions from each section in separate scrip	ot.	
	ii) Figu	res in the right margin indicate full marks.	Paris	
		<u>Section-A</u> Section-A	ental 2	
1. a) Define f	orce: Write down the characteristics of force.	Khulna	05
b) Describe	e different force system.		10
C) For the f	ollowing figures, draw free body diagram of the members.		20
		gure section)		
2. a) Describe	e transmissibility of a force.		08
b) In follow	ring figure, neglecting all friction so that the reactions are n	ormal to the	17
	surfaces,	, find the force F on top of the wedge. Assume that each bo	ody is subjected	
	to a conc	urrent force. (Check figure section)		
(c) Determ	ine the magnitude and sense of the following force system	. (Check figure section	10
3. a) Define ti	he following terms.		08
	I.	Free Body.		00
	II.	Two force Member.		
	III.	Moment		
	IV.	Moment arm.		
b)) Describe	Varignon's Theorem.		12
c)	Determin	ne the largest weight W that can be supported by the three	wires shown in	15
	figure bel	ow. The stress in wires A, B, and C is not to exceed 30ksi, 3	5ksi, and 50ksi.	
	The diam	eter of each wire is 0.8 inch. (Check figure section)		
4. a)) Different	tiate between		08
	I.	Engineering stress and true stress		
	И.	Strain and Deformation		
	III.	Elasticity ad Plasticity		
	IV.	Proportional limit and Elastic limit.		
b)	Draw cor	mparative stress-stain diagram for different materials.		05
c)	Discuss d	ifferent types of stress.		07

d) The following observations were made during the tension test on a mild steel specimen	of 15
32mm in diameter and 200mm long. Elongation with 120KN load (within proportional limit)-	
- δl =0.0304 mm, Yield load=440KN, Maximum load=550 KN, Length of specimen	at
fracture=248mm.	
Determine: i) Modulus of elasticity, E, (ii) Yield stress, f _y , (iii) Ultimate stress, f _{ult} (iv)	%
elongation Section-B Section-B	
5. a) Differentiate between the terms 'centroid' and 'centre of gravity'. State and prove 'Pappus and Guldinus' theorems.	16
b) Locate the centroid of an area bounded by a parabola, $x^2 = 2ay$, the line $y = 0$ and	19
x = 6	
6. a) Locate the centroid of a triangle from its base.	15
b) Compute the centroid of the shaded area shown in figure below. (Check figure section)	20
7. a) Define 'Moment of Inertia'. Show that the polar moment of Inertia is the summation of two rectangular moment of Inertia.	12
b) Determine the moment of inertia of area A1 and A2 by direct integration method of	23
the following figure. (Check figure section)	
8. a) Explain the transfer formula of moment of inertia.	10
b) Determine the maximum and minimum moment of inertia of the following figure.	25
(Check figure section)	

List of Figures

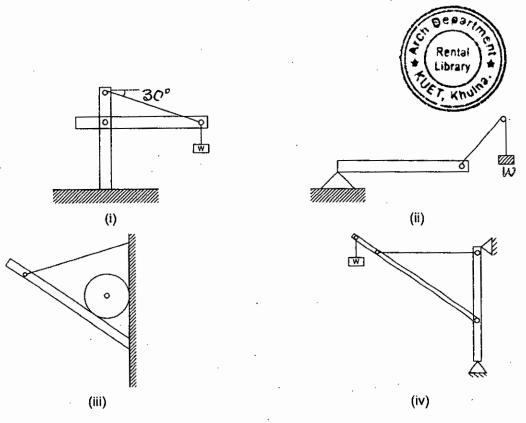


Figure for question No:1(c)

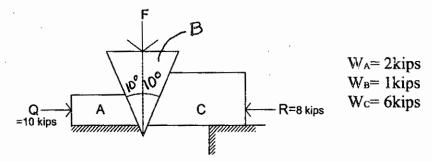


Figure for question No:2(b)

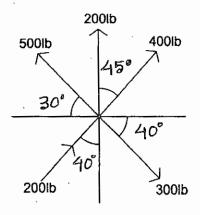


Figure for question No:2(c)

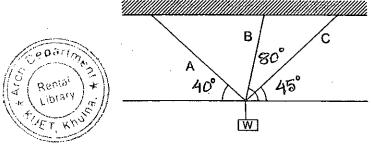


Figure for question No:3(c)

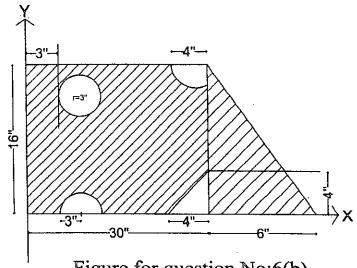


Figure for question No:6(b)

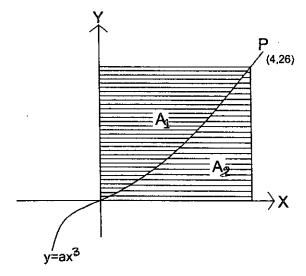


Figure for question No:7(b)

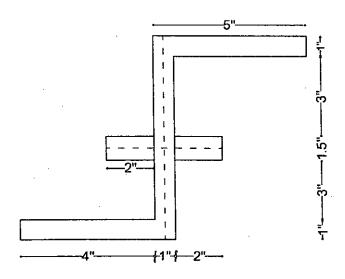


Figure for question No:8(b)

Khulna University of Engineering and Technology

Department of Architecture

B.Arch 2nd Year 1st Term Regular Examination, 2018

Course No : Arch 2161	Course Title: Construction Details

Full 3		ks 2	210	Time
N.B	Ans	wer	any Three questions from each section in separate script.	
Figur	e in	the	right margin indicate Full Marks.	
			Section A Rental Library	-
1	a. b. c.	In G In	tate Three basic purposes of foundation what condition Grillage Foundation is suitable? Briefly discuss Steel willage Foundation with necessary sketches. It soft soil and under heavy loading condition, if you have to place walls or plumns close to the property line, what type of foundation will you choose? Why?	05 20 10
		•••		
2		a. b.	Describe (with sketches) a type of shallow foundation system that would support heavy structural load in soft clay or marshy site. Discuss Combined Footing.	25
			·	10
3		a. b.	Briefly discuss Friction Piles and Bearing Piles. Make a comparative discussion between Precast Concrete Piles and Castin- Situ concrete Piles.	15 20
4		i. ii. iii. iv.		35
			Section B	
1		a.	Which Features can help differentiate a Residential Building Stair from a Public Building Stair? Which features of the two types of stair would you customize and why? Give your opinion with sketches.	20
		b.	Explain the following terms with sketches i). Nosing ii). Stringer iii) Newel iv) Scotia v) Waist	15
2		a. b. c. d.	rite short notes on (any five) Bifurcated Stair Swing Door Pivoted Window Expansion Joints	7X5= 35
			Hip Roof Slenderness Ratio	

g. Curtain Wall

3 a. b.	Which factors are important during selection of flooring material? Explain with example. Between marble flooring and cement concrete flooring which one would you suggest for a hospital and why?	20 15
4 a. b. c. C. Renai + C. TUET. Kns	Explain the general features of Cavity Wall with neat sketches. What are the benefits of Cavity Wall? Explain Splayed Step and Winder Step with necessary sketches	15 10 10

Khulna University of Engineering and Technology

Department of Architecture

B.Arch 2nd Year 1st Term Regular Examination, 2018

Course No: URP 2125 Course Title: Fundamentals of Planning Process

Full M 3 Hou		210	Time
N.B A	nswe	er any Three questions from each section in separate script.	
Figure	in th	e right margin indicate Full Marks.	
		Section A Section A	
1	b. 1 c. 6	Elaborate the concept of Planning. 'Planning is more needed in a developing country like Bangladesh'-Explain. How will you define 'Paradigm shift in Planning'-Provide an example with the help of planning theories. Compare between the Positivism and Post Positivism paradigms of Planning Theories	10 10 15
2	b	 'Comprehensive Planning is a rigid landuse plan, which is difficult to apply in the real world scenario'-Justify the statement with proper example. Mention some criticisms of the Rational Planning Theory. Make a comparison between Top-down and Bottom up approach of Planning. Which is better? 	15 10 10
3	b	'Transactive Planning is a tool for developing inter-personal relationship'-explain the statement. What is your understanding about Advocacy Planning? How a planner can play the role of an advocate in this planning? Provide an example. What are the fundamental element of Radical Planning approach according to the Grabow and Heskin?	10 15 10
4	ŧ	a. Explain the concept SITAR in planning theory. Provide a short overview of each planning approaches used in SITAR model. Explain the Mixed Scanning Approach of planning with the help of an appropriate example. Write short notes (any two) 1. Factory Town 2. Negotiator 3. Limitation and Strength of Advocacy Planning. 4. Rational Planning Vs Incremental Planning.	15 10 10
		Section B	
5.	t	'Urban Planning is related to three key aspects' (i.e Social, Economic and Physical environment)- Briefly explain the statement with proper example. 'Planning has three dimensions in terms of Space, Sector and Time.' Explain with relevant examples in the context of Bangladesh. What are the conditions to be an urban area (Municipality) as per as Pourashava Ordinance 2009?	10 15 10

Oeo VYCV R	Sousy &	
6. TUE	Tax Briefly explain the terms Vision, Mission, Goal and Objectives with	20
-	relevant. Examples especially in context of Urban Planning.	
	b. What is understood by Development Plan? Draw a schematic diagram for	15
	four stages plan for a city. (A city considered at a local scale.)	
7.	a. The lifecycle of urban development contains several phases. Briefly explain	20
	the phases with pertinent examples.	
	b. Differentiate Structure Plan and Master Plan with appropriate examples.	15
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
8.	a. Draw the figure 'A ladder of citizen participation' and explain the stages with relevant examples.	20
	b. "Plan (in context of urban and regional planning) should be Specific,	15
	Measurable, Achievable, Realistic and Time Bound'-Why?	

Khulna University of Engineering and Technology Department of Architecture

B.Arch 2nd Year 1st Term Regular Examination, 2018

Course no: Hum 2125 Course title: Principles of Economics

ull	Marks: 210 Time: 3 Hour	rs
I.B	i) Answer any three questions from each section in separate script.	
	ii) Figures in the right margin indicate full marks.	
	Section-A Section-A	
1.	 a. Why does economic problem arise in a society? b. Discuss the process of solving basic economic problems of a society under different economic system. 	15 20
2.	a. Draw a curve which explain demand law. b. What is meant by extension and contraction of demand? c. Show the equilibrium situation of a market under the functions, Qd = 60 - 5P and Qs = -10+5P	10 10 15
3.	a. What determines the quantity of a good that sellers supply?b. Explain the relationship between total utility and marginal utility.c. Explain with the help of indifference curves how a consumer allocates his income in order to attain equilibrium.	10 10 15
4.	 a. 'Slope of budget line is the ratio of Price of two products' - Explain. b. Explain the relation of AC and MC. c. Explain the following terms- (i) AFC (ii) TFC (iii) AVC (iv) AC 	10 10 15
	<u>Section-B</u>	
5.	a. What is GDP? Why do economists use real GDP rather than nominal GDP to gauge economic well-being?b. Which contributes more to GDP - the production of an economy car or the production of a luxury car? Why?	15 10
	c. List the four components of GDP. Give an example of each.	10
6.	a. Define inflation. Discuss the causes of inflation.b. "True inflation begins only after the level of full employment" - Explain.	20 15
7.	a. What is the role of Financial system? What is stock? What is Bond? How are they different? How are they similar?	20
	b. Define private savings, public savings, national savings, and investment. How are they related?	15
8.	Write short notes on the followings. a. The GDP Deflator. b. The consumer price index (CPI).	10 10

15

c. Market for loanable funds.